Larchmont Survivors Tell of Frightful Experiences.

DEATH LIST STILL GROWS

Only Nineteen Persons Known to Have Been Saved.

SEA GIVING UP ITS DEAD

Two Women Among Those Who Lived Through Night of Horror-Suffering Causes Suicide.

The recovery of the bodies of the victims of the Larchmont disaster in Block Island sound proceeded slowly and with difficulty along the icy shores of the island last night and today. Up to I o'clock today the names of 128 persons who were on board the steamer were known. Of these, nineteen are known to have survived, eleven are among the dead, their bodies having been identified, and ninety-eight are missing. Of the identified dead seyen were members of the crew and four passengers; of the survivors, ten are members of the crew and nine passengers; of the missing, twelve are members of the crew and eighty-six passengers.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., February 13 .-Block Island's two life saving stations, one Point and the other at New were turned into morgues and hospitals during the night, and the Larchmont disaster dead crowded the living. The boat room oors were lined with the dead, each one frozen as stiff as the boards on which it rested. In the living and sleeping rooms the suffering survivors rested on cots and beds, racked with the pain of frozen limbs and shuddering with the recollection of the horror of their experiences.

Many were denied the merciful unconsclousness of sleep, and throughout the long dreary night they tossed and cried and sobbed, and the howling wind outside only served to keep fresh in their minds the terrors of the storm through which they had fought their way to the island. It is feared that none of these survivors will escape un-

May Lose Their Limbs.

The frost penetrated too deeply to be overcome by medical treatment, and the surgeon's knife will be the only salvation of some of the unfortunates. Some will lose fingers, some hands, and it is feared some will be obliged to have limbs amputated. Purser Young's feet were in a bad state, and it was doubted if he could be removed to Providence today. Capt. McVey fared somewhat better than his subordinate officer, but he seemed to be overcome by the disaster which has befallen his steamer and by the appalling loss of life among his passengers. Several times during the night he was overcome by emotion. So serious was his condition that a reprecentative of the Joy line, who came here to secure a statement, was obliged to leave the island without securing it.

The life savers, although wearied by their day of toil yesterday, patrolled the beach throughout the night, and their efforts were rewarded by finding four bodies, three of them shortly after midnight and one after sunrise. Every body that came ashore was encased in a coating of ice so heavy that in some instances the bodies were mistaken

Upon recovering these bodies the life savers dragged them upon the beach and chopped away the ice until the human form was brought to view. The bodies were nearest station to await the arrival of the steamer to carry them to Providence. One of the men who spent the night on the beach expressed the opinion that few

more bodies would be washed ashore. He said that they would be washed to the

Early in the day a small fleet of fishing schooners and a tug went out to search

The steamer Kentucky will leave Block

the waters for hodien Island for Providence today, having on

board the bodies of fifty-one victims of the sceident, as well as carrying the survivors

of the collision.

Corpses for Companions. Oliver Janvier, twenty-one years old, of Providence told of one of the most trying of all the horrible experiences of the survivors. He came ashore in a boat at 7 o'clock yesterday morning with nine dead. Nearly dead himself from cold and exhaustien, he waded ashore in water waist-deep at Sandy Point, his boat, with its grim

cargo, floating in on the rising tide. He said he had occupied a stateroom with Henry Rock of Jersey City, connected with a "wild west" show. Rock was on his way from Providence to New Jersey to join his wife. Both men had turned in shortly before the collision. When the shock came Janvier rushed up on deck to meet a scene of great confusion Passengers were rushing wildly about. In contrast, however, the erew sprang to quarters, each at his special lifeboat, at the call of the officers, and kept back the passengers by main force from springing overboard or swamping the

boats and rafts as they were lowered. Janvier rushed back to his stateroom to get some clockes and to see what had be-come of book. Rock seemed to be in a stupor, and when Janvier tried to make him realize their danger the latter, accord ing to Janvier's story, attacked him. Janvier managed to drag his companion, struggling and protesting, out into the passageway of the steamer and there had to leave him. He sprang into a boat containing Two men were struggling in the water



No. 16,943.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1907-TWENTY PAGES.

nearby and Janvier threw a rope to them, hauling them on board. His companions at the oars had scarcely bent to their work again when they heard a woman's cry for help coming over the water. He called to his companions to save her, but so beset were they with their own perils in keeping affoat in the tremendous seas that they re-

After a time they became benumbed from exhaustion and cold, the oars slipped from their hands and the men dropped to the bottom of the boat and died while the spray and water that splashed over the sides covered them with a winding shee. of ice. The boatload finally dwindled down to Janvier and one other man. The stranger looked at Janvier with a strange look on his half-frozen face. "This is awful," he said. "I cannot keep

up much longer. I am going to end it all now," and, drawing a razor from his pocket, he cut his throat while Janvier sat powerless to prevent the suicide. Janvier was cared for at the lighthouse. and is in a serious condition from cold and

Figures Still Conflict.

Purser Oscar A. Young of Providence still maintained today that there were from 125 to 150 passengers on board the steamer when she left Providence for New York, and most of the survivors who were able to express an opinion were inclined to support his figures rather than those of Capt. George W. McVey of the Larchmont, who estimated the number of passengers at from

fifty to seventy-five. From some of the surviving officers it was learned that the Larchmont carried a erew of forty-five men, of which only ten are accounted for. This means that of a total from 150 to 200 people on board the Larchmont nine passengers and ten sailors have survived. Their condition is pitiable but the two physicians who have been in almost constant attendance upon the sufferers express confidence that none of the rescued are likely to succumb.

There are only two women among the survivors-Mrs. Harris Feldman of New York and Miss Sadie Gallup of Boston.

During the night the coast guards from the two life-saving stations, aided by a large number of people, patrolled the beaches, on the watch for additional bodies. Every corpse that came ashore was eneased in fce several inches thick.

On a piece of the afterdeck of the steamer were picked up Mr. and Mrs. Feldman and a dead man, all that remained of sixteen who had sought refuge on the frail support. Little hope was felt that occupants of the missing lifeboats and rafts had survived the fearful cold, which moderated but slightly during the night.

Wild Fight for Boats. Nearly all the surviving passengers interviewed agree that the crew and officers behaved well. With the first shock and the in-rush of water and escape of steam from the broken main steam pipe, Capt. McVey realized the scope of the accident. The crew was called to quarters, each man springing to his station as the call to desert the ship was taken. Panicstricken passengers aroused from Sound sleep rushed wildly on deck and mobbed the boats and forgetful of all but the primal instinct of self-preservation. The crew fought off the mob "resolutely, though hard pressed, and provided for the women and children first. Some of the male passengers recovered from their first fright and assisted

in the work. Many never reached the deck. They were steam, or drowned beneath the deck. Within ten minutes the boats were away from the ship's side just as she settled low Agents for the Suppression of Vice in the water with the waves dashing over her and flooding every available foothold. Cold and high seas completed the work of destruction and the little band of people who got away from the Larchmont was decimated in groups and in the helpless

of the "survival of the fittest." One of the two women survivors of the disaster was Mrs. Harris Feldman of New of the usual morning session, an adjourn-York city, who was rescued with her hus- ment being ordered by Judge Fitzgerald hand from the after portion of the deck at 10:48 a.m. until 2 p.m. house, which had been torn from the steamer by the bursting of the lower No. 11, is said to be threatened with pneurushed in.

drift in the cold it became the old story

One Woman's Experience.

was a miracle. She was one of sixteen persons who were carried off on a piece of wreckage. There was one other woman the raft went adrift seas swept overboard court to convene. the second woman and two men. From 11 o'clock Monday night until picked up by the fishing schooner Elsie at 11 o'clock called into conference with Justice Fitz-Tuesday morning, the small portion of the afterdeck drifted helplessly.

One by one the men dropped off. Some weakened by the cold and exposure, lost their grip on the support, and were washed away by the waves and drowned. Others died and rolled overboard. Still Mrs. Feldman, aided by her husband, clung to the raft. Feldman at one time was a sailor on the Black sea and he knew the necessity of keeping up some physical action to make the blood circulate in such biting weather.

By word and example, he induced his wife to keep arms and legs moving, although the woman became so greatly exhausted that she could scarcely make her muscles respond to her will. Her chilled limbs were rubbed by Mr. Feldman into activity when they were benumbed, and by his efforts she survived, although apparent- the defense to have Dr. Britton D. Evans. ly more nearly dead than alive when the the expert who testified on yesterday that Elsie appeared.

DEAD AND MISSING.

Corrected List of Victims of Larchmont's Wreck.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., February 13 .- Following is a list of the known dead and missing in the Larchmont disaster corrected up to noon today: Steward James B. Harrison, Brooklyn.

First Assistant Engineer Jasper Hest, Albany, N. Y. Second Assistant Engineer Edward Lo-

gan. Providence. Watchman Jacob Zadmus, Paterson, N. J. Waiter George Smith, Providence. J. H. Eckels, passenger, Block Island. Erick Nelson, Providence.

- Hall, colored, waiter, residence un-Moses Foutain, colored, waiter, residence Harry Apple, farmer, Block Island.

Paffer, wearing badge 9255 of Protective Disability Insurance Company, either of Block Island or Providence.

Missing passengers-R. F. Perkins, Dorchester; H. Hulgren, Providence; Antonial Lannetti, Providence; Riccardi, address unknown; Joseph P. Mulligan, Woonsocket, R. I.; Rev. Philip Murfio, pastor Italian M. E. Church, Providence; Frank L. Wilson, drug clerk, Providence; Samuel Paul, Pawtucket, R. I.; Mrs. Samuel Paul, Pauline Paul, aged nineteen, and Matilda Paul, (Continued on Third Page.)

DISTRICT DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Illness of Juror's Wife Causes a Postponement.

rafts, men and women fighting each other, EXPERTS FOR THE FRAY

Four of Them Will Test Jerome's Technical Knowledge.

suffocated below in their quarters by the NEW EVIDENCE FOR DEFENDANT

Will Testify in Thaw's Behalf.

NEW YORK, February 13.-The illness of the wife of one of the jurors in the Thaw case today caused the abandonment

Mrs. Joseph B. Bolton, the wife of juror decks from the air pressure as the water monia and some apprehension is felt lest her illness may seriously interfere with the trial. Mr. Bolton asked permission of Jus-That a woman should have survived the tice Fitzgerald by telephone early this horrible experiences on the frail support morning to visit his home in company with two court officers, and it was granted He lives far out on Boston road, in the Bronx, and had not returned to the crimon the deck house, but in a minute after inal courts building at 10:30, the time for

District Attorney Jerome and Mr. Delmas. leading counsel for Harry Thaw, were gerald, and a few minutes later the recess was announced.

Mr. Jerome made the formal motion in court, stating the reason for his action, and Justice Fitzgerald said that under the circumstances the morning session would be abandoned to await the return of the juror. Former Attorney General Hampton L. Carson of Pennsylvania and Gen. J. Warren Keifer of Ohio, former Speaker of the national House of Representatives, were in the court room this morning and both seemed disappointed at the turn of affairs. Thaw was not brought into court. He remained in the prisoner's pen, where he had a long chat with his wife.

Mrs. Thaw Again.

Mr. Peabody of the defendant's counsel said this morning that it is the purpose of Thaw was insane at the time of killing Stanford White and for several months subsequent to the homicide, take the stand this afternoon for cross-examination. Dr. Evans will be followed by Mrs. Mary Thaw, who in view of the "broader foundation" of the prisoner's insanity, laid by the experts, will be asked to conclude her story. Mr. Jerome had objected to her doing so on the ground that what she had to say was permissible only after the defendant was shown by competent testimony to have been of unsound mind.

Fund for Young Women. The defense assumes that it has now laid the foundation for the introduction of testimony which has heretofore been excluded from the case. Among the things which have been so excluded is Thaw's will and the codicil thereto, which is said to provide a fund of \$50,000 for the prosecution of his murderer, should he die a violent death. and a fund of \$75,000 for the care of a number of young women, said to be named in the will, who, Thaw is said to have believed, were victims of Stanford White. The defense counts largely on this will to show the effect on Thaw's mind of the stories which were told him regarding the relations of White and Evelyn Nesbit. It also will form a proper foundation for the testimony of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, who probably will be recalled late this afternoon in which were mentioned the names of a

number of other young girls who are said to have been victims of White. The de-fense claims that these stories preyed on Thaw's mind and contributed largely to the mental condition which induced him to shoot White,

His Direct Case.

open court that it would only take him a few days longer to finish his direct cas for the defense, that does not mean that the case is nearly over.

Four Experts.

L. Dana will take the stand for the de

This will mean four experts for Mr. Je-

ome to cross-examine. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw has not finished her direct examination, and the cross-examination probably will take some time. Mrs. William Thaw is to testify, and so, it is said, is May MacKenzie, the friend of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw. What Mr. Jerome's case in rebuttal will be it is hard to say, but it seems certain now that he will put on at least three alienists in an attempt to controvert he testimony of Thaw's experts. Dr. Evans will be recalled today to an. swer a few more questions, and then it is the intention of Thaw's counsel to have young Mrs. Thaw finish her story. Dr. Evans probably will not be cross-examined until after the defense has put in all of its

Will Assist Delmas.

Dr. George Franklin Shiels, formerly of San Francisco who is one of the alienists for the defense, and who is said to be a life-long friend of Mr. Delmas, has been selected to assist the lawver in his crossexamination of the experts for the prose-

Two new witnesses for Thaw were in attendance at the trial yesterday. They were J. J. Deering and C. J. Bamberger, agents of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, who are said to have investigated the complaints which Thaw made to the society. Stories regarding Thaw's eccentric bridge whist playing, which may possibly figure in the trial as showing the defendant's state of mind about the time of the tragedy, are cropping out.

HAD BRAIN TROUBLE.

Thaw's Mental Equilibrium Bad, Says Dr. Evans, Expert.

NEW YORK, February 13 .- Dr. Evans resumed the stand immediately after the recess vesterday.

"Doctor," asked Mr. Delmas, "as a result of your eight visits to Mr. Thaw did you form an opinion as to the then mental condition of Mr. Thaw?"

"Yes." "Was it based in part on the oral statenents of Mr. Thaw during those visits? "It was, in part." "Will you now state what that opinion

Mr. Jerome objected on the ground that (Continued on Twelfth Page.)

(Photo by Staff Photographer.)

Although Mr. Delmas has announced in Change in Plans of George Washington University.

Dr. Graeme M. Hammond and Dr. Chas. VAN NESS PARK TO BE SOLD

New Home on Ground at Head of for New York today on the White Star Connecticut Avenue.

KNOWN AS THE DEAN TRACT

Provides Ample Room for Campus, About Which Buildings Are

to Be Grouped.

An action of great importance to the future of the George Washington University has practically been decided upon by the board of trustees. This centers about a change in the site of the proposed group of buildings which is contemplated as the home of the university. As is well known. the site secured for the new structures is the square of ground called Van Ness Park. at the foot of 17th street northwest, and having its southern frontage on B street and the park which has recently been laid out between the Waslington monument and Potomac river.

It is now proposed to sell this property, and it is understood that a purchaser has been found and that an agreement has been made for its sale which is an advantageous one to the university. The new site is the large piece of acreage property at the head of Connecticut avenue, just on the brow of the hill beyond Florida avenue, and commonly spoken of as the Dean place.

The property contains nine and one-quarter acres, and is bounded on the south by Florida avenue, on the west by Connecticut avenue and on the east by 19th street ticut avenue and on the east by 19th street. The price that is said to be mentioned in the option, which is understood to be held by the representatives of the university, is \$800,000. It is intedded to locate there the fine group of academic structures which have been designed as suitable for the enlarged work and activities of the university.

Ground for Campus.

In addition to space for these buildings, it is estimated that the new site will also provide ample room for a campus, around which the structures will be grouped. While it is understood that all the details of the financing of this great undertaking have not as yet been worked out, yet the in the location, as well as approval of the in the location, as well as approval of the property selected, meets with such hearty indorsement from influential friends of the university that already assurances have been received of gifts which will insure the erection at an early day of several of the buildings for which the scheme of the university already adopted provides.

The new location is one of the few pieces of property on the borders of the old bounds of the city that still remains undivided into

of property on the borders of the old bounds of the city that still remains undivided into building lots. The only buildings on the property is the large house which was the home of the late Mrs. Dean, the owner of the property, and still is occupied by her daughter. There is also a stable and other buildings such as well as buildings, such as were common in the days when that locality was a portion of the rural region which surrounded the city.

SEVEN BADLY INJURED. The Car Got Beyond Control of the

PITTSBURG, Pa., February 13 .- Seven ersons were seriously injured and a number of others slightly hurt in a collision today between a heavy double truck traction car on the West Wilkinsburg line and a trolley pole. The names: D. L. Henry, conductor, ribs fractured and head cut; Braun, aged twenty, right arm broken and Insurance cut by glass; Hattie Martin, colored, speakers.

TWO CENTS. shoulder hurt; Anna Bell Jackson, colored

shoulder hurt; Anna Bell Jackson, colored, skull fractured.

The car got beyond the control of the motorman at Penn and Trenton avenues, and, rushing down the heavy grade, jumped the rails and crashed into the pole. The passengers were thrown in a heap on the floor by the impact and Margaret Braun was hurled through the car window. The injured were removed to a hospital.

AFTER SWETTENHAM

TED TO DROP.

LONDON, February 13 .- The incident be tween Gov. Swettenham of Kingston, Jamaica, and Rear Admiral Davis of the United States navy at the time of the recent earthquake at Kingston Is not to be permitted to drop out of sight Efforts will be made in parliament to obtain a governmental statement on the subject, and as a preliminary John D. Rees, liberal, chairman of the British Central Africa Company, and a high authority on colonial affairs, gave notice today of his intention to ask the government on February 18 that the correspondence between the governor and the American admiral concerning the assistance rendered by the latter be furnished to the house of com-

CHURCH FUNDS GONE

ADDITIONAL DEFALCATION CHARGED TO BANKER WALKER.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., February 13 .-That William F. Walker, missing treasurer of the Savings Bank of New Britain, who is alleged to be responsible for a \$350,000 shortage at that institution, made big inroads into the \$75,000 funds of the Connecticut Baptist convention, of which he was the treasurer, was positively made known today as the result of a special audit of a tentative report of his accounts instituted a little over a week ago.

The committee appointed by the Baptist Society will make a full report within a few days at a meeting of the trustees. President Thompson of the society said today that a large number of railroad bonds placed in Mr. Walker's hands are missing. Their maket value was \$7,000. There are other shortages in the accounts of Mr. Walker was one of the most prominent leged, but the trustees are at present unable to state whether or not the larger part of the funds in his care has been lost. Mr. Walked was one of the most prominent men of the Baptist denomination in the

SEND-OFF FOR BRYCES

NEW AMBASSADOR SAYS HE IS SURE OF WELCOME.

LIVERPOOL, February 13 .- Ambassador James Bryce and Mrs. Bryce received a hearty send-off when they sailed from here line steamer Oceanic. A large crowd of people, including the American consul, Mr. Griffiths, witnessed their departure.

Just before sailing Mr. Bryce said: "It is pleasant to feel that while I am leaving many friends behind I am going to meet hosts of good friends in America, with a great number of whom I already am acquainted. I have been assured that a cordial welcome awaits me, and this is a happy augury."

SALARIES OF OFFICIALS.

Proposed to Increase Pay of Employes in Sweden.

Mr. Graves, the American minister to Stockholm, has reported to the State Department that at the opening of the Swedish riksdag on January 16 the crown prince egent, with a speech from the throne, called attention to the royal proposition for the appropriation of larger funds for salaries of government officials of all classes, owing to the enormous increase n living expenses in Sweden, an unavoidable consequence of general development, as well as for appropriation of funds suffi-cient to enable the proper pensioning of civil service officers.

FOR INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

Bartholdt Bill Creating Board for

Nobel Fund Reported Favorably. The House committee on labor made a avorable report today on the Bartholdt bill creating a board of trustees to accept and administer the \$40,000 from the Nobel prize fund which President Roosevelt desires to have used to defray the expenses of conference between capital and labor to promote industrial peace. The trustees are to be the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, the chief justice of the United States and representatives of capital, labor and the gen eral public.

This board is to arrange for annual meetings of labor and capital in . Washington. The bill also authorizes the President to ask for contributions to a fund for placing the work of the trustees on a permanent basis.

Great Tempest on Channel.

CHERBOURG, France, February 13 .-- A violent tempest is prevailing over the English channel and the coast of Brittany. Several sailing vessels have been wrecked and the warships and naval tugs here are under steam ready to respond to appeals for succor.

Fourth-Class Postmasters Named The following appointments of fourthlass postmasters were announced at the Post Office Department today:

M. Halley, appointed to succeed E. M. Halley, deceased.

At Natural Bridge, Rockbridge county,
Va.—James J. Moore, appointed to succeed
S. J. McDaniel, removed.

At Araby, Frederick county, Md.-Maud

Personal Mention.

Mr. Clarence F. Cobb, late of the War Department, has received an appointment under this government in Russia. He will leave for St. Petersburg April 1. Mr. Edward Matthews Chamberlin, son

of Col. S. E. Chamberlin of Waterford, Va., is at the Episcopal Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, where he has undergone

Weather.

Cloudy, possibly light snow tonight or tomorrow; warmer tonight.

AN ABSOLUTE DIVORCE

Decree to Be Signed in Favor of Charles C. Bassett.

INCIDENT WILL NOT BE PERMIT- OPINION BY JUSTICE GOULD

Court Comments Regarding Inference From Testimony.

REVIEW OF THE PLEADINGS

Climax of Sensational Case in Which Minister of Gospel Was Named Co-respondent.

Justice Gould, in Equity Court No. 2, today announced that he will sign a decree granting an absolute divorce to Charles C. Bassett of the geological survey from Mrs. Fanny Rice Bassett, daughter of former Senator Rice of Arkansas, because of acts of adultery committed with E. Lawrence

In his opinion Justice Gould declares that illicit relations are fairly inferable from the acts and conduct of the defendant, as shown in the testimony. All that need be established to sustain a charge of infidelity, the court said, is to show that those charged with the offense had a "disposition or desire" and ample opportunity for its gratification. Such is clearly proved. Justice Gould stated, by "a view of the entire association between the defendants, commencing in a casual acquaintanceship, continuing throughout its growth, and final culmination in the strongest possible attachment; the absolute abandonment of the husband and the acceptance of the support and pro-tection of the co-respondent; the clandes-tine birth of a child under the circum-stances disclosed by the testimony to which the name of the co-respondent was given by its mother; the complete concealment from the husband, aided and abetted by the co-respondent; the lack of frankness on essential matters in the testimony of Mrs. Bassett and the failure of the co-respondent to take the stand as a witness; the familiarity shown to exist between them in the ordinary relations of life; all these, with other incidents too numerous to be here recapitulated, lead to the conclusion that the establishment of the offense is the only just and reasonable inference from the testimony

Recites the Various Pleadings.

The opinion of Justice Gould covers twenty typewritten pages, and after reviewing the facts concerning the filing of the petithe various pleadings in the case and notes the fact that Mrs. Bassett filed no answer to the charges, but did testify at great length as a witness for her co-defendant. Mr. Bassett was represented by Attorneys

Cox and Rev. Hunt had as counse! Attorney Henry E. Davis, who strongly urged before the court that the testimony did not establish the commission of a single act of infidelity Justice Gould in his review of the testimony declared that a careful and thorough

study and analysis of the voluminous testi-mony in the case leads to the conclusion that the following facts are either admitted or established by a preponderance of the "Plaintiff and defendant, Fanny Rice Bassett, were married in this city November 11, 1891, and continued to live here as hus-band and wife until the year 1291. Six children were born to them prior to the latter date, four of whom are still living. Prior to the fall of 1903 their married life appears to have been as happy as that of

the average husband and wife, excepting that, from the date of their marriage, they were narassed by lack of income insufficient to rear a family of children and maintain in Washington a social position, commensurate with their aspirations. Prior to the fall of 1903 they had become acquainted with the co-respondent, who was the pastor of the church which they attended. In October of that year the relations between October of that year the relations between the defendants had become very friendly. The co-respondent was a candidate for the chaplaincy of either the House or the Sen-ate, and Mrs. Bassett, who seems to have had a large acquaintance among those who could lend aid to secure the appointment,

was extremely active in his behalf. Met Daily in Apartments. "At the period the defendant, resided in

the Albemarle apartment house with her husband and family on the fourth floor, and Hunt, with his mother, on the seventh Moor. Until the determination of the chaplaincy of both the Senate and the House, Bassett and Hunt met daily in her ments. After this matter was concluded Hunt's visits continued and were generally made in the absence of the plainriff. According to the testimony of Mrs. Bassett her relations with Hunt aroused her husband's jealousy in the fall of 1903, and he asked her the question, 'Is Dr. Hunt making love to you?' He also testi-Hunt making love to you? He also testi-fies that in the early part of April, 1904, her family physician advised her to ask Hunt not to come to her apartments and that she stay away from his church because her husband was so jealous that there was liable to be troub'e at any time; that was liable to be trouble at any time; that when she went back to the apartment she found her husband walking the floor and frothing at the mouth. He said Dr. Hunt had been there and left a book for me to read, • • and he commenced shaking me as hard as he could shake me. These manifestations of jealousy of Hunt on her husband's part continued until May 11, 1904, when plaintiff left for Og-densburg, N. Y., where he was engaged until the following November in topographical field work for the geological survey.
"In her testimony Mrs. Bassett states

that at the time of her husband's departure for Ogdensburg she had decided that she would never live with him again; that she must take her children and have a separate home. Yet she also testifies that within two hours of his departure she sustained most intimate relations with him as husband and wife, and in less than a week thereafter she wrote to him as follows: You know perfectly well, husband mine, that I want to make you happy always. We have shared sorrows and joys for over We have shared sorrows and joys for over twelve years, have our four dear little chil-dren and two little graves to bind us very closely together, and we must stand to-gether, dear, lovingly, faithfully forever for our own sakes and for theirs. I will try always to make you happy—tell me your wishes, they are mine.

Continuation of Visits. After the departure of Bassett May 11 the visits of Hunt upon Mrs. Bassett at her

apartment continued. "Mrs. Bassett left Washington the latter "Mrs. Bassett left Washington the latter-part of June, 1904, with three of her chil-dren and spent practically a month with her cousin, Mrs. Mary E. O'Rourke of Highbridge, N. Y. According to the testi-mony of the latter, she was absent a number of nights during July, leaving her children with Mrs. O'Rourke. She informed

from her cousin's more than a third of the nights of July, yet during the month she